

The Complete Guide On Care And Breeding Of Corn Snakes Using Amazing Tips And

Corn snakes are a popular pet snake species because they are relatively easy to care for and breed. They are also very docile and make great pets for people of all ages. This guide will provide you with all the information you need to know about corn snake care and breeding.



CORN SNAKE: The Complete Guide On Care And Breeding Of Corn Snakes Using Amazing Tips And Techniques

by Amy Newmark

★★★★☆ 4.7 out of 5

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Corn Snake Care

Enclosure

Corn snakes need an enclosure that is at least 20 gallons in size. The enclosure should have a secure lid and be escape-proof. It should also have a hiding place and a water bowl. The substrate should be a loose, absorbent material, such as aspen shavings or coconut husk.

Temperature and Humidity

Corn snakes need a warm environment with a temperature gradient of 75-85 degrees Fahrenheit. The basking spot should be around 85 degrees Fahrenheit. The humidity should be around 50-60%.

Feeding

Corn snakes are carnivores and eat rodents. The size of the rodent will depend on the size of the snake. Baby corn snakes can eat small mice, while adult corn snakes can eat large rats. Corn snakes should be fed once a week.

Handling

Corn snakes are generally docile snakes, but they can still bite if they feel threatened. It is important to handle corn snakes gently and to support their body.

Corn Snake Breeding

Breeding Season

Corn snakes breed in the spring and summer. The breeding season typically lasts from April to June.

Courtship

Corn snakes courtship involves the male snake rubbing his chin on the female snake's body. The male snake will also try to wrap his body around the female snake.

Mating

Corn snakes mate by cloacal contact. The male snake will insert his hemipenes into the female snake's cloaca. The mating process can last for

several hours.

Eggs

Corn snakes lay eggs about 30 days after mating. The eggs are typically white and oval-shaped. The female snake will lay her eggs in a warm, humid location.

Incubation

Corn snake eggs incubate for about 60 days. The eggs should be kept at a temperature of 80-85 degrees Fahrenheit. The humidity should be around 70%.

Hatching

Corn snake eggs hatch about 60 days after they are laid. The baby corn snakes are called neonates. Neonates are very small and vulnerable. They should be kept in a warm, humid environment.

Corn snakes are a popular pet snake species because they are relatively easy to care for and breed. This guide has provided you with all the information you need to know about corn snake care and breeding. If you are interested in keeping a corn snake as a pet, be sure to do your research and provide your snake with the proper care.



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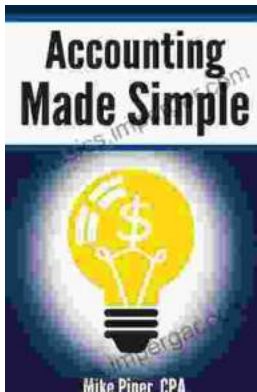
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